Meadows Mental Health Policy Institute

Multisystemic Therapy for Texas Youth – September 2023

Multisystemic Therapy (MST) is a proven family- and community-based treatment for at-risk youth with intensive needs and their families.¹ It is most effective for treating youth who have committed violent offenses, have serious mental health or substance use concerns, are at risk of out-of-home placement, or who have experienced abuse and neglect.²

What is MST?

- MST is an evidence-based program for youth (ages 12–17) and their families that keeps youth safely at home, in school or employed, and out of trouble over the long term.
- The **goals** are to: (1) reduce youth **criminal activity**; (2) reduce other types of **antisocial behavior**, such as drug abuse; and (3) save **taxpayer dollars** by reducing rates of incarceration and out-of-home placement.

Why Should Texas Invest in MST?

- MST is rated "well-supported" by the Title IV-E Prevention Services Clearinghouse.
- MST has been **proven to reduce violent crimes by 75%**, compared to routine congregate and other care as usual.³ The reduction is long-term, lasting **two decades** post-treatment.
- MST is **one of only three proven programs**⁴ that addresses family functioning and association with deviant peers, key risk factors for **reducing violence**, **other antisocial behaviors**, **and juvenile justice involvement**.⁵
- A cost-benefit analysis of MST versus treatment as usual or no treatment found that the total program benefit (\$25,201) minus implementation costs was \$16,847 in net benefits to taxpayers and others (primarily crime victims). Stated differently, for every dollar spent on the implementation of MST, the societal return on investment was \$3.02.6
 - For an upper range of cost effectiveness, an evaluation of MST in New Mexico showed an average savings of \$71,000 per youth, beyond the cost of treatment, through posttreatment reductions in juvenile crimes and Medicaid behavioral health treatment claims. For every dollar spent on MST services, \$5.87 was returned.⁷

Who Delivers MST?

- MST is delivered by **specially trained masters-level or bachelors-level staff**, including Qualified Mental Health Professionals (QMHPs).
- Supervisors are highly trained masters- or doctorate-level professionals who supervise one or two teams of two to four full-time MST professionals.
- MST teams are structured to handle a caseload of roughly **20 youth** at any given time.
- The average length of treatment for MST is between three and five months.⁸



• MST teams must be trained by MST® Services or a licensed partner organization and have a valid program license with MST® Services and the Medical University of South Carolina.

What does MST Look Like in Practice?

- MST is delivered in the youth and family's natural environment home, school, and community. Treatment targets the specific relevant strengths and needs of the family and is provided in an ongoing and intensive manner. MST professionals work with the family throughout the week and are on call and available 24 hours a day, seven (7) days a week.⁹
- MST reduces delinquent and antisocial behavior by addressing the core causes of such
 conduct, expanding the focus of treatment beyond the youth to include the network of
 systems responsible and caring for them, including family, peers, school, and neighborhood.
- MST includes a **built-in suite of services** (i.e., family therapy, vocational support, skills training) that other types of interventions often outsource to outside providers. ¹⁰ These built-in services result in cost savings.
- Structured clinical supervision and quality assurance processes are integral to the model. 11

What is the Extent of the Need in Texas?

- Using the statewide roll-out of MST in Louisiana and other states, we estimate that approximately **7,000 Texas youth and their families** could benefit from MST services.
 - Texas would need approximately **140 teams** to meet this need.

Which Texas Communities Have Access to MST?

- Until 2022, only Harris County (four teams), El Paso County (two teams), and Nueces
 County (one team) had MST capacity, funded primarily though juvenile justice dollars.
 - In 2021, the 87th Legislature appropriated \$2 million in funding through the Texas
 Juvenile Justice Department (TJJD) SB 1 to add a front-end MST team in both Harris
 County and El Paso County to prevent youth and adolescents from entering the juvenile
 justice and child welfare systems.
- In June 2022, in response to the **Uvalde tragedy**, legislative leadership provided **\$4,725,000** to the Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) to expand MST capacity. This funding resulted in the establishment of **seven (7) additional MST teams**:
 - Hill Country MHDD Centers (Uvalde, Comal, Hays counties);
 - Bluebonnet Trails Community Services (Guadalupe, Caldwell, Gonzales counties);
 - Denton County MHMR Center (Denton County);
 - LifePath Systems (Collin County);
 - North Texas Behavioral Health Authority (Ellis County);
 - StarCare Specialty Health System (Lubbock County); and
 - Tropical Texas Behavioral Health (Hidalgo County).



- In May 2023, the 88th Texas Legislature provided a total of \$32,450,000 for MST:
 - \$2 million through TJJD to continue the two front-end teams.
 - \$30,450,000 through HHSC: \$9,450,000 to continue the seven post-Uvalde teams, and \$21 million to establish new teams. On July 14, 2023, HHSC issued a Needs and Capacity Assessment for \$21 million in new funding, which is expected to add 15 additional MST teams. This would bring the statewide total to 29 MST teams.

Policy Options to Implement MST in Texas

- Continue to expand MST through general revenue: \$575,000 per new team, per year plus \$100,000 per year in training, licensing, and ongoing quality assurance costs.
- Add MST as a **Medicaid benefit** (HCPCS billing code H2033) to offset general revenue costs.
 - 17 states and the District of Columbia cover MST in their Medicaid programs.



¹ Henggeler, S. W., & Schoenwald, S. K. (2011). Evidence-based interventions for juvenile offenders and juvenile justice policies that support them. *Social Policy Report*, *25*(1): 1–20.

² MST Services. (2022). MST research at a glance. https://info.mstservices.com/researchataglance

³ MST Services. (n.d.). What makes MST such an effective intervention?

⁴ The efficacy of MST has been established through 28 highly-rigorous random control trials carried out over the last thirty years. MST Services (2020). *Multisystemic Therapy® (MST®) research at a glance. Published outcomes, implementation, and benchmark studies*.

https://cdn2.hubspot.net/hubfs/295885/MST%20Redesign/Marketing%20Collateral/Case%20Study%20and%20Reports/R@aG%20Long%202020.pdf

⁵ Henggeler, S. W., & Schoenwald, S. K. (2011).

⁶ Washington State Institute for Public Policy. (2019, December). Multisystemic Therapy (MST) for court-involved/post-release youth. http://www.wsipp.wa.gov/BenefitCost/Program/36

⁷ Dopp, A. R., & Saranga Coen, A. (2015). *New Mexico MST outcomes tracking project: Results for New Mexico's MST providers, July 2005–June 2015.* New Mexico's Children, Youth & Families Department and the Center for Effective Interventions.

⁸ MST Services. (n.d.). What is MST? Fact Sheet.

https://cdn2.hubspot.net/hubfs/295885/MST%20Redesign/Marketing%20Kit/Marketing%20Kit%20Collateral%20Digital%20Files/Fact%20Sheet/Fact%20Sheet%20MST%20Therapy%20Overview%2005222018.pdf

⁹ MST Services. (n.d.). What makes MST such an effective intervention.

¹⁰ MST Services. (n.d.). *Dramatic cost savings for communities*.

https://cdn2.hubspot.net/hubfs/295885/MST%20Redesign/Marketing%20Kit/Marketing%20Kit%20Collateral%20Digital%20Files/Infographic%10-%20MST%20Cost%20Savings.pdf?t=1530302876904

¹¹ Henggeler, S. W. (2016). *MST update 2016 including published MST research findings 2014 to present*. Presented at Blueprints for Health Youth Development Conference.

https://www.blueprintsprograms.org/conference/presentations/2016/T2-A MST Updates.pdf